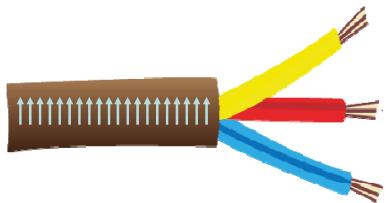
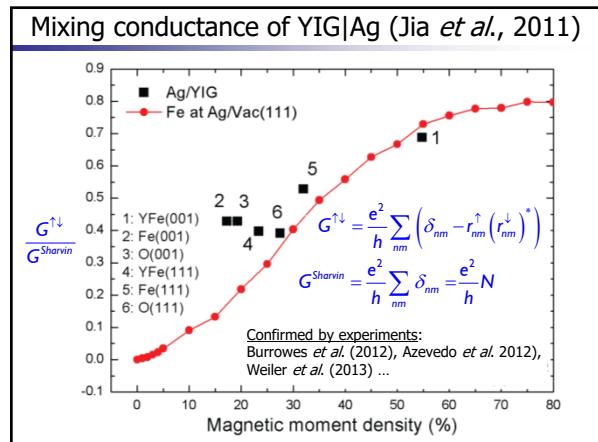
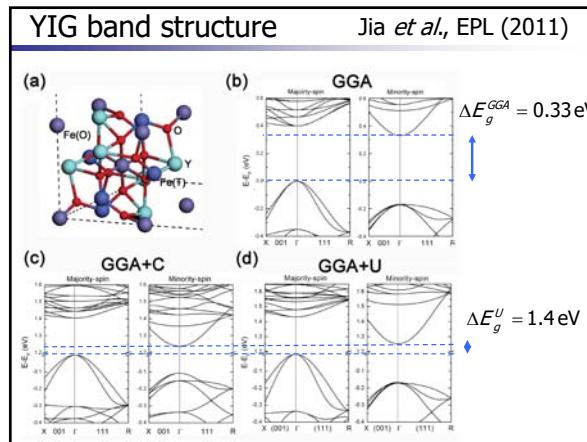
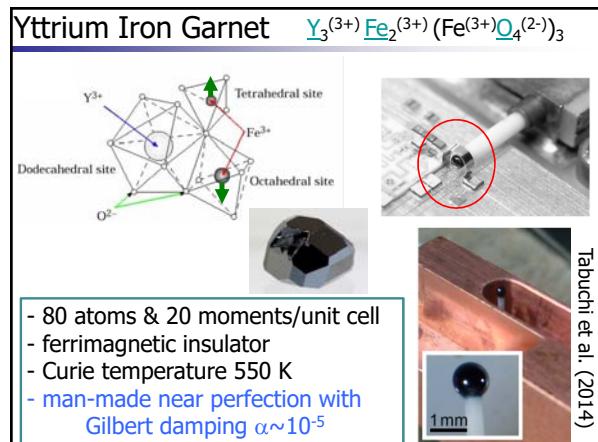
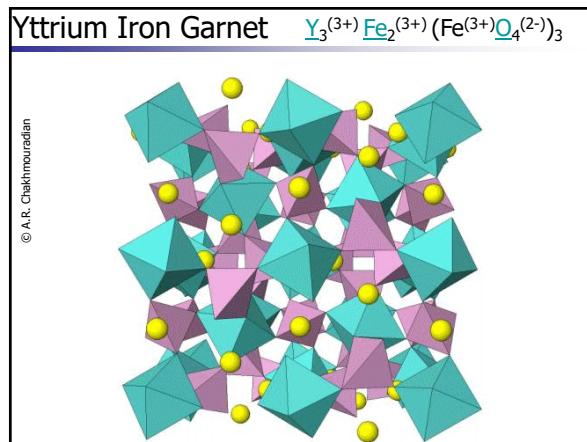
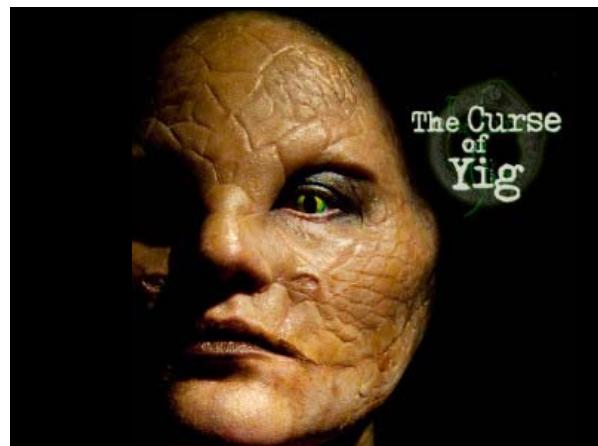


ESM 2015, Gerrit Bauer, Part II



Magnetic Insulators (with emphasis on YIG)

MAGNETISM.eu



Spin waves in insulators

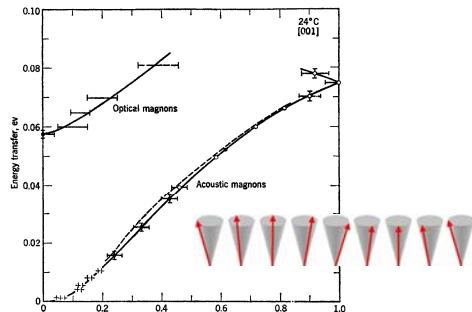
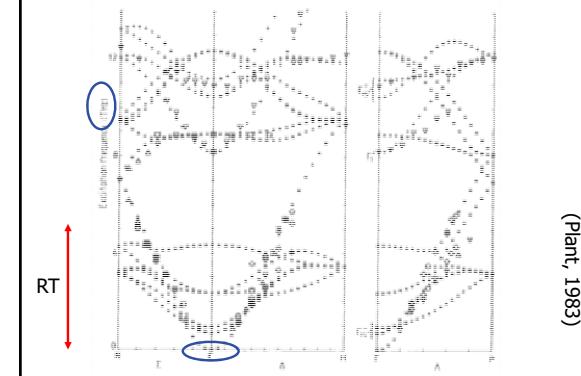


FIG. 1. Acoustical and optical magnon dispersion relations in magnetite, as determined from inelastic neutron scattering by Brockhouse and Watanabe (IAEA Symposium, Chalk River, Ontario, 1962).

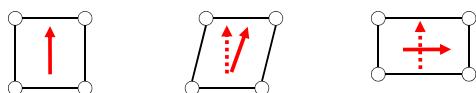
Spin waves in YIG



Magnon-phonon coupling



Magnetoelastic coupling



Dynamic effects of magnon-phonon interaction

- thermalization of lattice and spin
- magnon-phonon drift
- magnon-polarons (Kittel, 1958)

Spin Mechanics 3

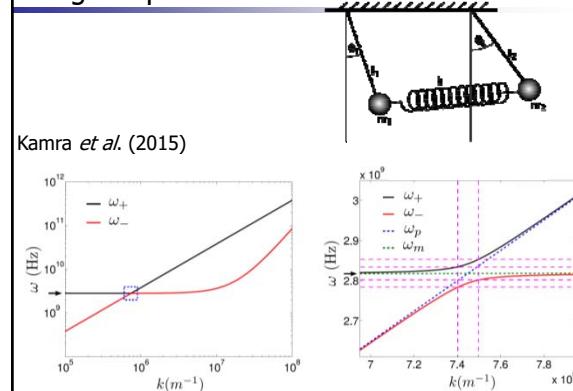


Monday, June 22 – Friday, June 26, 2015

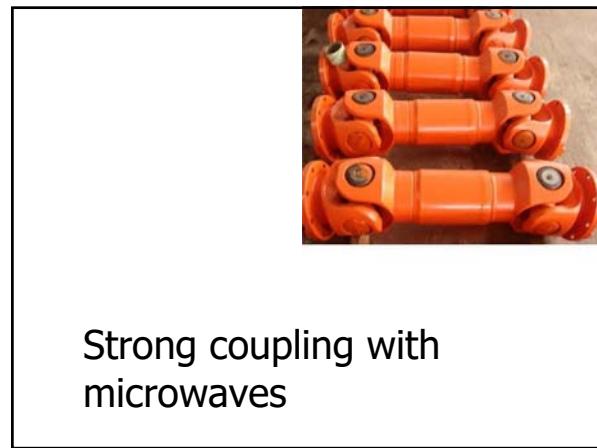
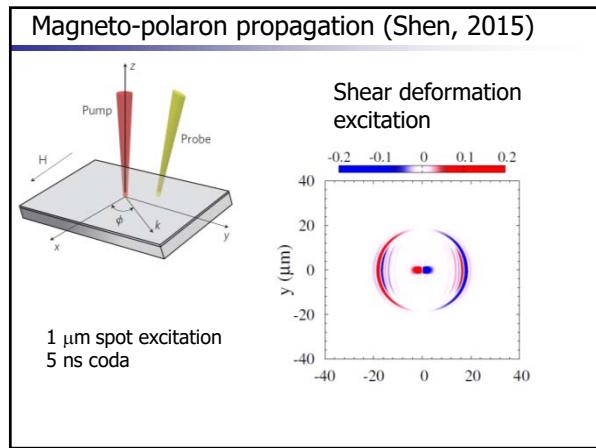
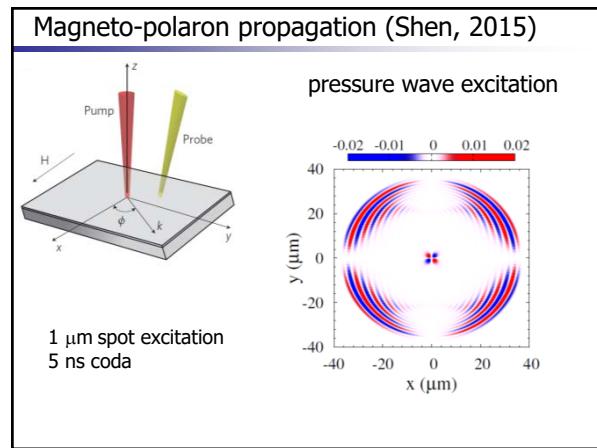
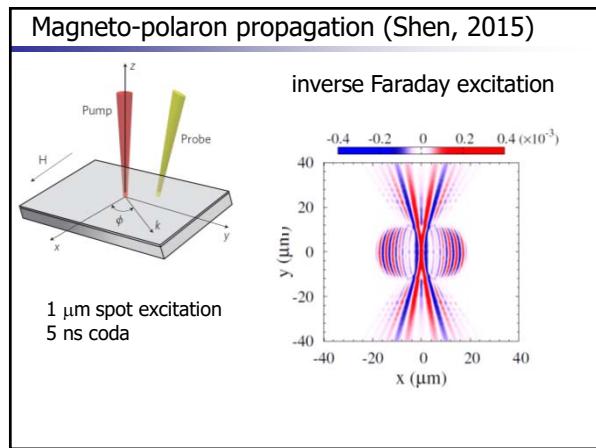
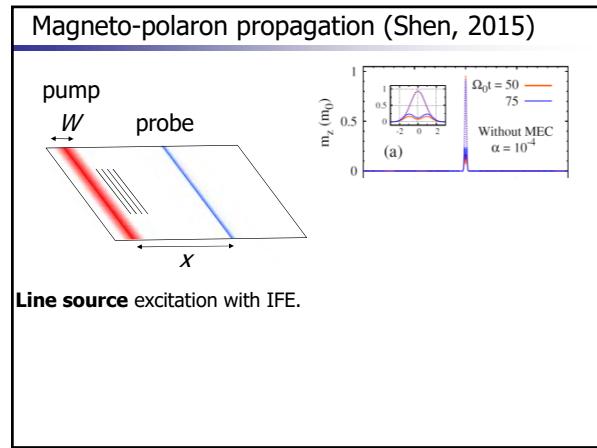
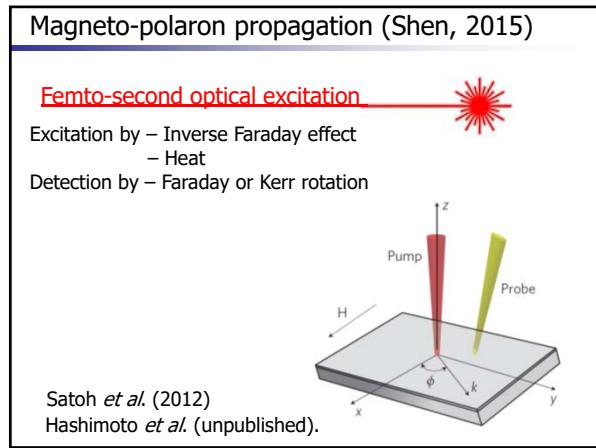
[Spin Mechanics 4 in Banff (Ca), Feb. 2017]



Magnon-polarons



Kamra et al. (2015)

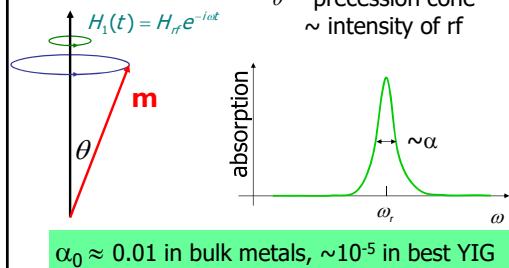


FerroMagnetic Resonance

Landau-Lifshitz-Gilbert equation; Gilbert damping constant α

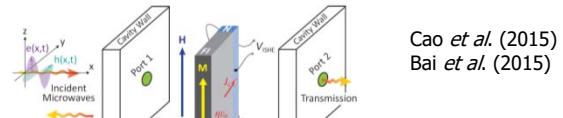
$$\dot{\mathbf{m}} = \mathbf{m} \times (-\gamma \mathbf{B}_{\text{eff}} + \alpha \mathbf{m}) \quad \hbar \omega_{\text{FMR}} = \hbar \gamma B \approx 0.1 \text{ meV} \cdot B [T]$$

θ "precession cone"
 \sim intensity of rf



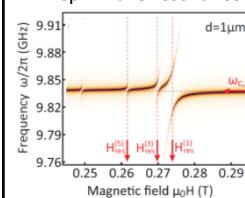
$\alpha_0 \approx 0.01$ in bulk metals, $\sim 10^{-5}$ in best YIG

Thin films in microwave cavities

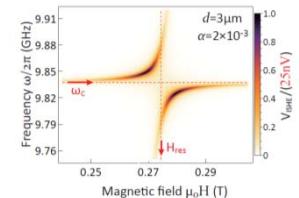


Cao *et al.* (2015)
Bai *et al.* (2015)

spin wave resonance

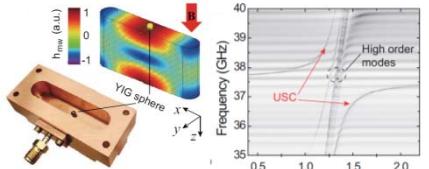


electric readout

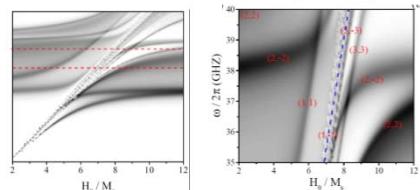


Ultra strong coupling with microwaves

Zhang *et al.* (2014)



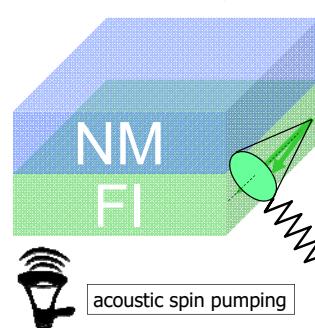
Rameshti *et al.* (2015)
[spherical cavity]



Spintronics with magnetic insulators

$\Delta T, \Delta V$

SMR, transverse spin Seebeck

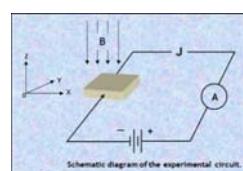


Longitudinal spin Seebeck and Peltier effects, magnon Bose condensation

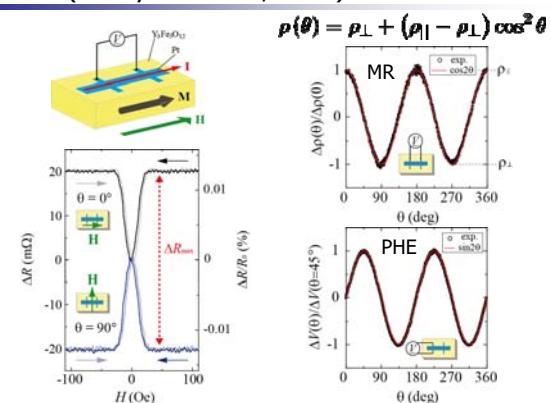
ΔT

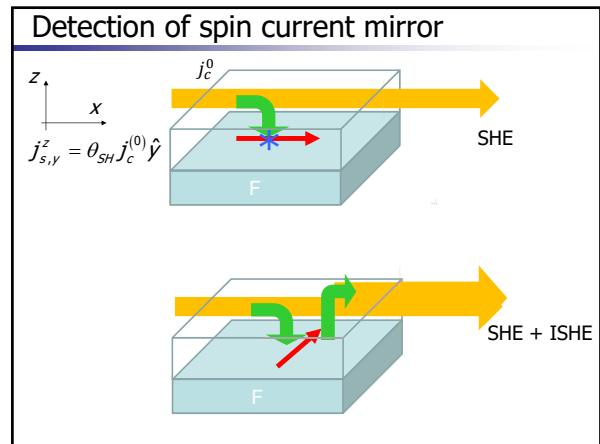
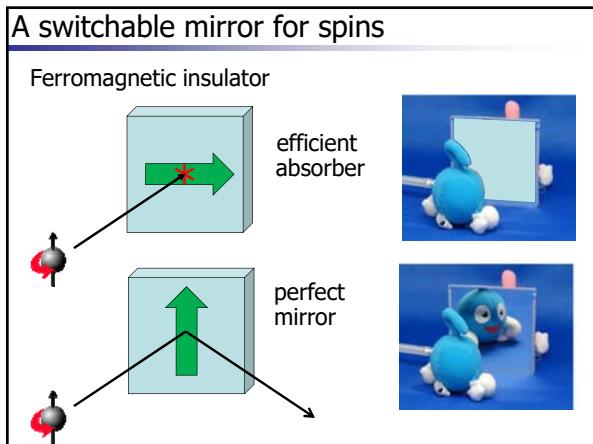
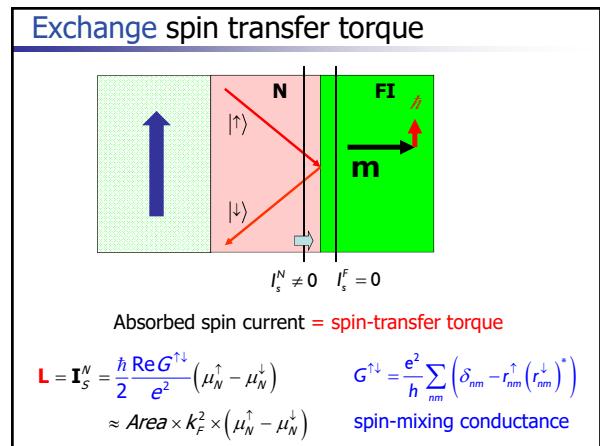
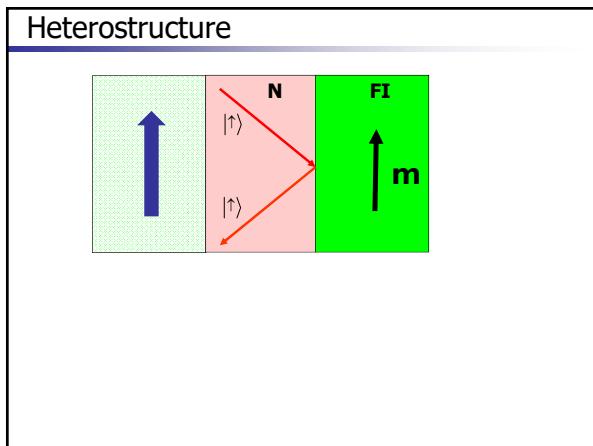
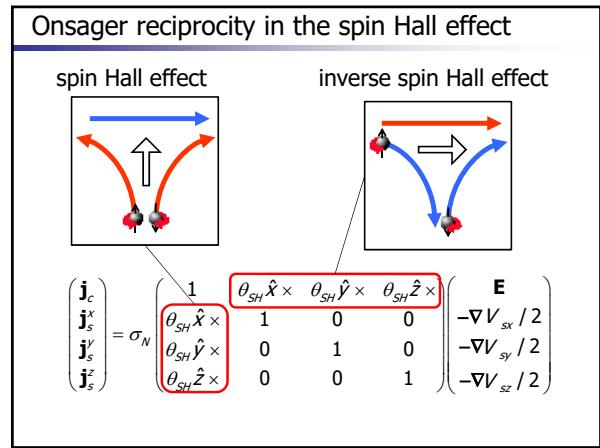
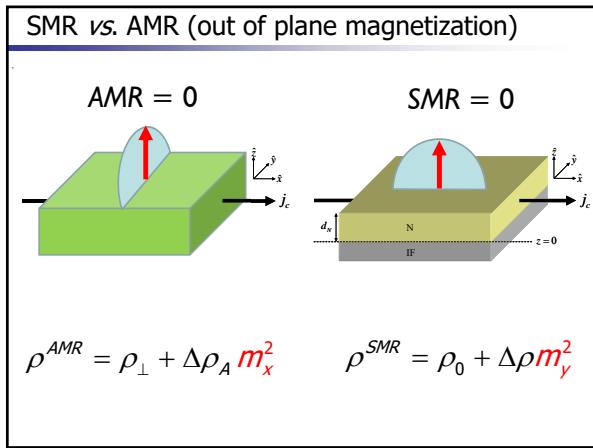
electrically detected FMR

Spin Hall magnetoresistance



SMR (Nakayama *et al.*, 2013)





Spin Caloritronics VII, Utrecht, The Netherlands, 11-15 July 2016

Spin Caloritronics

Thermoelectrics

$$\begin{pmatrix} J_c \\ J_Q \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} L_{11} & L_{21} \\ L_{12} & L_{22} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \Delta V \\ -\frac{\Delta T}{T} \end{pmatrix}$$

$L_{12} = L_{21}$ Onsager reciprocity

$$\begin{pmatrix} \Delta V \\ J_Q \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} R & S \\ \Pi & K \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} J_c \\ -\Delta T \end{pmatrix}$$

$R = 1/G$ electrical resistance
 K thermal conductance
 S Seebeck coefficient
 $\Pi = ST$ Peltier coefficient
 $\text{Onsager-Thomson (Kelvin) relation}$

Spin dependent conductance

$$\begin{pmatrix} J_c \\ J_s \\ J_Q \end{pmatrix} = -G \begin{pmatrix} 1 & P & ST_0 \\ P & 1 & PST_0 \\ ST_0 & PST_0 & L_0 T_0^2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -\Delta\mu_c/e \\ -\Delta\mu_s/e \\ \Delta T/T_0 \end{pmatrix} \quad P' = \frac{\partial_e PG}{\partial_e G|_{E_F}}$$

Landauer-Büttiker formalism (Butcher, 1990)

t_{nm} transmission amplitude

$$g(E) = \sum_{nm}^{e_n, e_m=E} |t_{nm}|^2$$
 total transmission probability

$f(E, T)$ Fermi-Dirac function

$$G = -\frac{2e^2}{h} \int dE \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial E} \right) g(E) \rightarrow g(E_F)$$

$$GS = \frac{2e^2}{h} \frac{k_B}{e} \int dE \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial E} \right) g(E) \frac{E - E_F}{k_B T} \rightarrow -eL_0 T \frac{\partial G(E)}{\partial E} \Big|_{E_F}$$

$$\frac{\kappa}{T} = S^2 G + \frac{2e^2}{h} \left(\frac{k_B}{e} \right)^2 \int dE \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial E} \right) g(E) \left(\frac{E - E_F}{k_B T} \right)^2 \rightarrow (S^2 + L_0 T) G$$

Enhanced spin Seebeck effect

Hu et al. (2014)

a: Schematic of the experimental setup showing a CoFeAl/Cu bilayer structure with a Py/Cu reference layer. The voltage V_{AB} is measured across the Cu layer.

b: Plot of the enhanced spin Seebeck voltage V^{eff} versus temperature T for the CoFeAl/Cu bilayer. The value is $0.873 \mu V$.

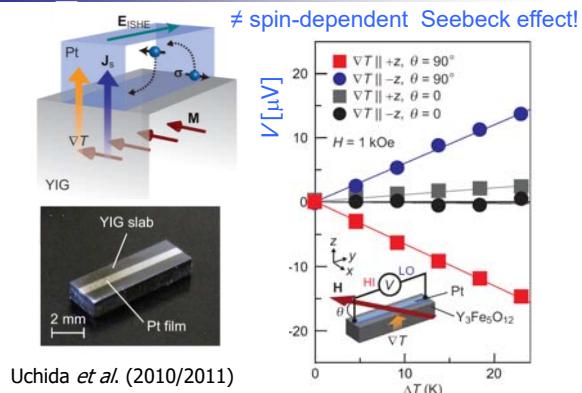
c: Energy band diagrams showing the spin-orbit coupling effect. The top diagram shows the energy levels E for up and down spins in the CoFeAl/Cu bilayer. The bottom diagram shows the corresponding transmission probabilities $D_i(E)$ for each spin state.

$$S_s = -72 \frac{\mu V}{K} > S_c = -22 \frac{\mu V}{K}$$

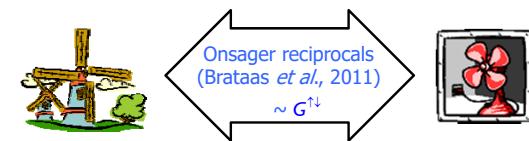
$$|P'| > 1$$

Spin Seebeck effect in YIG

(Longitudinal) spin Seebeck effect



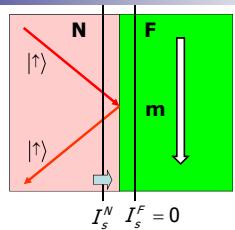
Spin torque and spin pumping



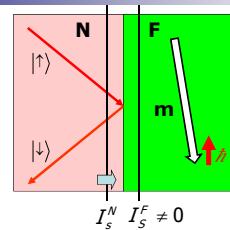
Spin currents cause magnetization motion (spin transfer torque, Slonczewski, 1996).

Magnetization motion causes spin currents (spin pumping, Tserkovnyak, 2002).

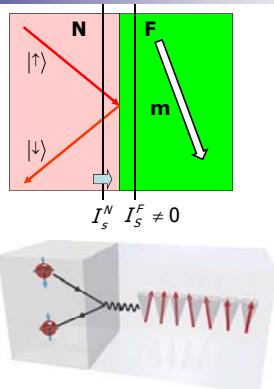
Collinear spin configuration



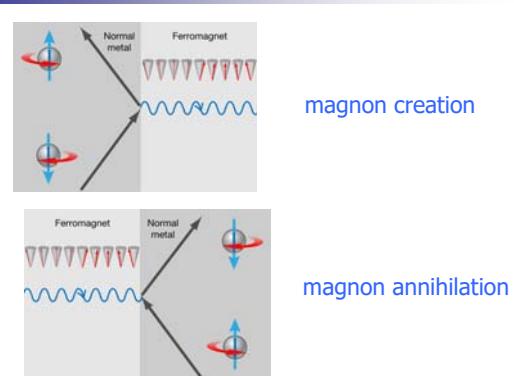
Spin current conversion



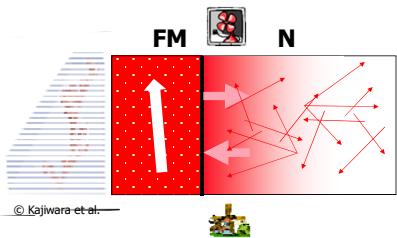
Spin current conversion



Small angle spin transfer

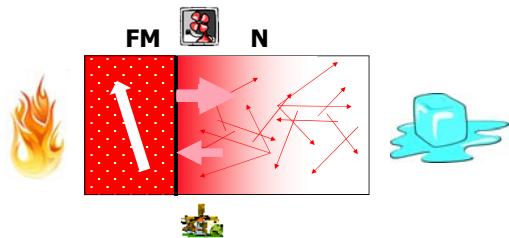


Noise-induced spin currents



© Kajiwara et al.
Foros et al. (2005)
Xiao et al. (2009)

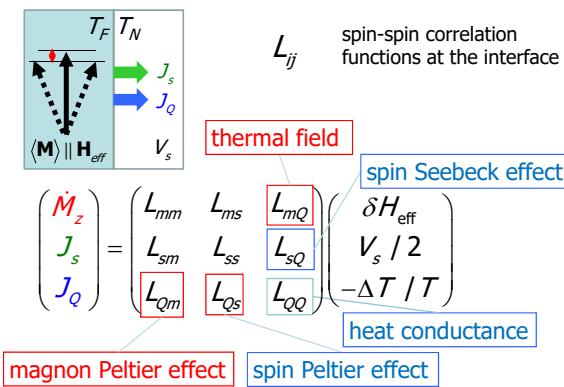
Noise-induced spin currents



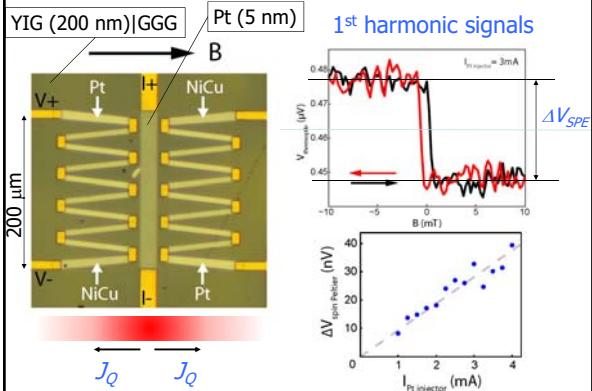
$$J_s = J_s^{\text{pump}} - J_s^{\text{J-N noise}} \sim g^{\uparrow\downarrow} (T_F^M - T_N^e)$$

Xiao et al. (2010)
Adachi et al. (2011)

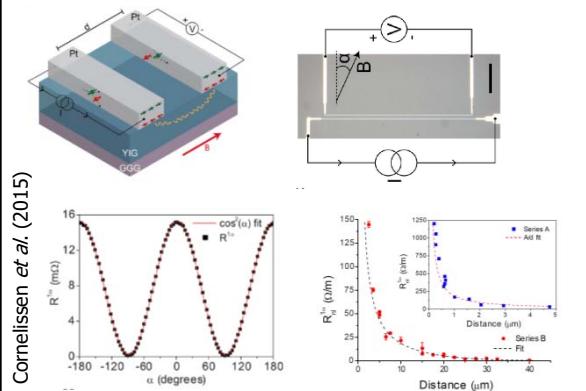
Spin Seebeck Onsager matrix



Spin Peltier effect (Flipse et al., 2014)



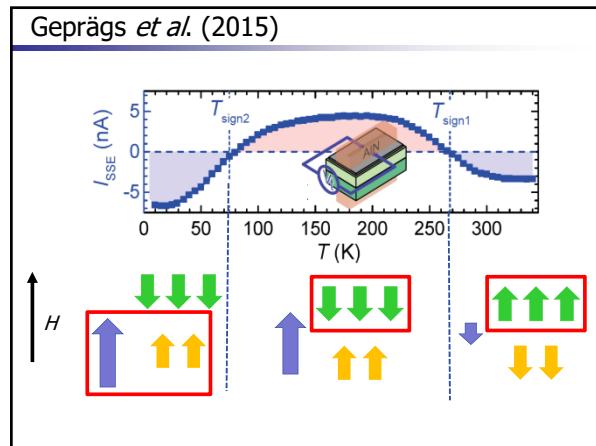
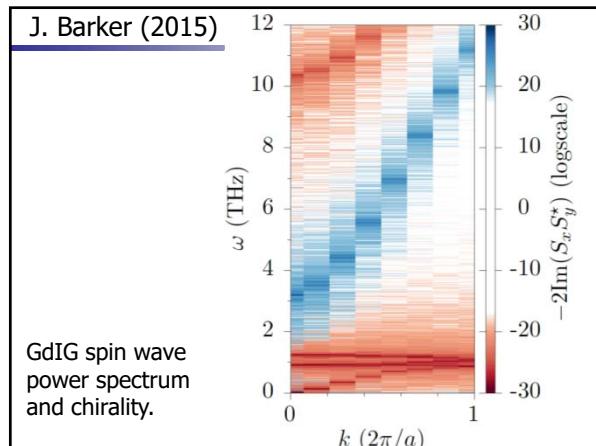
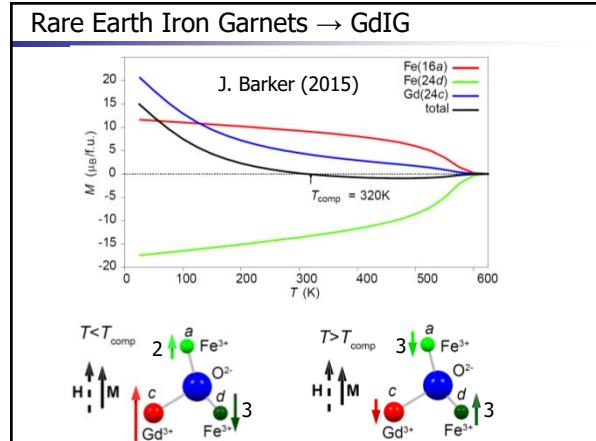
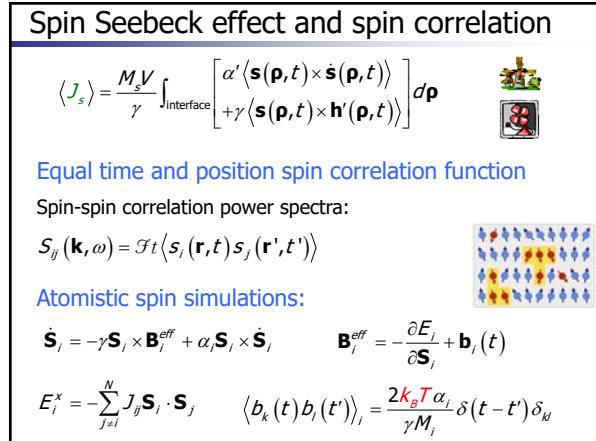
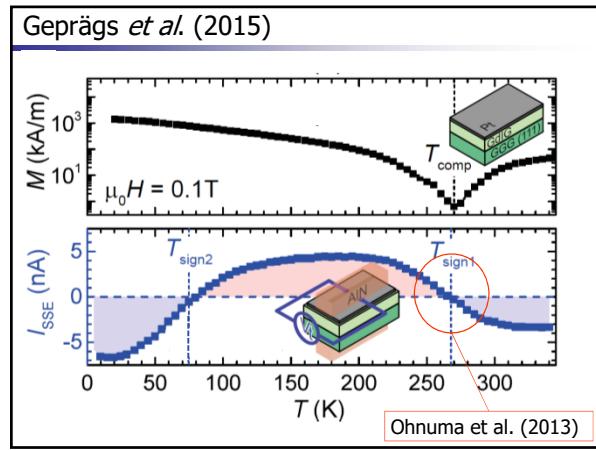
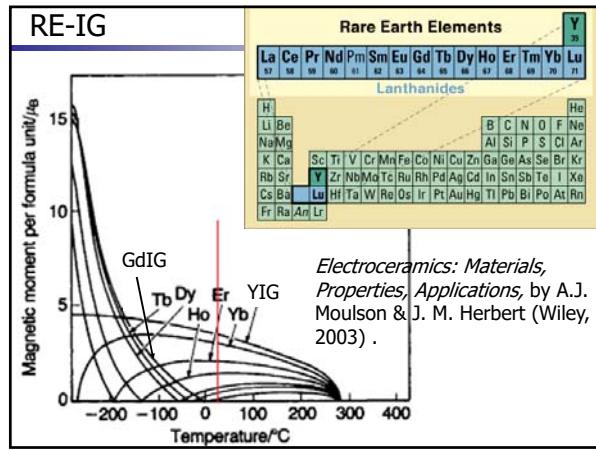
Magnon transport (also Kajiwara et al. (2010))



Cornelissen et al. (2015)

Spin Seebeck effect in GIG





Collaborators

Sendai Oleg Tretiakov Adam Cahaya Takahiro Chiba Saburo Takahashi Joe Barker	Delft Peng Yan Yunshan Cao Akashdeep Kamra Yaroslav Blanter Ka Shen Yang Zhou	Amerikas Yaroslav Tserkovnyak Axel Hoffmann Isaac Acosta	Asia Ke Xia Jiang Xiao Babak Zare Rameshti Hedyeh Keshtgar Yanting Chen
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