

Call for Nominations The European Magnetism Association 2025 Young Scientist Award

Launched in 2019 by the European Magnetism Association (EMA), the Young Scientist Award is awarded each year to a young scientist for theoretical or experimental work, mainly carried out in Europe, in the fields of fundamental or applied magnetism.

The nominated candidate must have defended the doctorate no more than five years prior to the nomination deadline (January 31, 2025), with allowances for military service and parental leave*.

The award consists of a certificate, a medal, a monetary award of €2,000, an invitation to deliver a plenary talk at the JEMS 2025 in Frankfurt, Germany, and attend the award ceremony, and a travel allowance of €500 to this purpose. In addition, we offer to give an online EMA Plenary talk in 2025, if the awardee has not yet given an EMA talk.

The awardee will be selected by a committee composed of members of the EMA General Council. Nominations may be made by anyone interested in the field of magnetism. Nominations of female candidates are encouraged.

The nomination package should include:

- A completed nomination form, including a citation of no more than 25 words.
- Curriculum vitae of the candidate, not to exceed two pages.
- List of the candidate's three most significant publications.
- Commentary, not to exceed one page, on the publications justifying the award.
- Two letters of support, which can include one from the nominator, limited to one page each.

The documents must be compiled into a single pdf file called *Lastname_EMA-YSA.pdf*, where *Surname* is the candidate's last name. The file size should not exceed 10 MB.

Nominations that do not comply with these rules will not be accepted.

Nominations should be sent by e-mail by **January 31, 2025** to the EMA Awards Officer (Jeffrey McCord) at jmc@tf.uni-kiel.de and to the EMA President (Olivier Fruchart) at jolivier.fruchart@cea.fr.

^{*} EMA follows the same rule as the ERC. For maternity, the track record considered may be extended by 18 months or by the amount of leave actually taken before the call deadline, whichever is longer, for each child born before or during the last ten years. For paternity leave, the track record considered may be extended by the amount of paternity leave actually taken before the call deadline for each child born before or during the last ten years.